Part A: Describe the transformations: Make sure to mention horizontal, vertical movement as well as if the graph stretches or shrinks and if it reflects over the x axis

1)	$f(x) = -3(x-2)^2 + 4$	

2)
$$f(x) = (x+3)^2$$

3)
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}(x-5)^2 - 1$$

4)
$$f(x) = -(x+1)^2 + 6$$

Part B: Convert each of the following into standard form

5)
$$f(x) = (x-3)^2 + 2$$

6)
$$f(x) = 3(x-2)^2 - 4$$

7)
$$f(x) = -(x-6)^2 + 1$$

Part C: Convert each of the following into vertex form: (Number 8 has been done for you—hint, find the vertex first!)

8)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 10$$

Vertex = $\frac{6}{2(1)}$ = 3 vertex is (3,1)

9)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 1$$

So $f(x) = (x-3)^2 + 1$

$10)f(x) = x^2 - 10x + 25$	$11)f(x) = -x^2 - 8x - 14$

Part D: Write the vertex form equation given the following transformations

rait D: Write the vertex form equation given the following transformations				
12) Reflection over the x axis, right 4 and up 6	13)Stretched by a factor of 3, left 2 and down 7			
14)Reflection over the x axis and right 1	15)Shrunk by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ and down 4			

Part E: Graph the quadratics and determine the characteristics

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 6$$

Vertex:____

Zeros: _____

Interval of Increase:_____

Interval of Decrease:_____

Axis of Symmetry:_____

Y-Intercept:____

